Safety Data Sheet



Section 1: Identification			
Product identifier			
Product name	Natural Gas		
Synonyms	 Fuel Gas; Pipeline Gas; Processed Gas; Residue Gas 		
Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Recommended use	• Fuel		
Details of the supplier of the S	afety Data Sheet		
Mailing address for all suppliers Website:- http://www.aglresources.com E-mail: corpcomm@aglresources.com Telephone (General): 404-584-4000			
Supplier	 877.427.4321 - Atlanta Gas Light Company 866.643.4170 - Chattanooga Gas Company 800.492.4009 - Eliabethtown Gas 866.281.6774 - Elkton Gas 888.352.5325 - Florida City Gas Company 888.642.6748 - Nicor Gas Company 877.572.3342 - Virginia Natural Gas, Inc. 		

Section 2: Hazard Identification

United States (U.S.) According to: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

Classification of the substance or mixture OSHA HCS 2012

- Flammable Gases 1
- Compressed Gas
- Simple Asphyxiant

Label elements OSHA HCS 2012	DANGER	
001141100 2012		
	♦ 🔇	
Hazard statements	Extremely flamma	ble gas.
	Contains gas unde	er pressure; may explode if heated.
	May displace oxyg	en and cause rapid suffocation.
Precautionary statements	Prevention	Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces No smoking.
	Response	Blowing gas fire: Do not extinguish unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
	Storage/Disposal	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Other hazards		
OSHA HCS 2012		es Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication oduct is considered hazardous.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substances

• Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

Mixtures

	Composition					
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive		
Methane	CAS:74-82-8	94% TO 98%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Gas 1; Press. Gas - Comp; Simp. Asphyx.		
Ethane	CAS:74-84-0	1% TO 3%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Gas 1; Press. Gas, Simp. Asphyx.		
Nitrogen	CAS:7727-37-9	0% TO 1.6%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Press. Gas - Comp.; Simp. Asphyx.		
Carbon dioxide	CAS:124-38-9	0.5% TO 0.8%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 470000 ppm 30 Minute(s)	OSHA HCS 2012: Press. Gas - Liq.; Simp. Asphyx.		
Propane	CAS:74-98-6	0.1% TO 0.2%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Gas 1; Press. Gas - Liq.; Simp. Asphyx.		
Butane	CAS:106-97-8	0.08% TO 0.2%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 658 g/m ³ 4 Hour(s)	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Gas 1; Press. Gas; STOT SE 3: Narc. (Inhl); Simp. Asphyx.		
Hexane	CAS: 110-54-3	0% TO 0.06%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 25 g/kg. Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 627000 mg/m ³ 3 Minute(s)	OSHA HCS 2012: Exposure limits		
Pentane	CAS:109-66-0	0% TO 0.03%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 364 g/m ³ 4 Hour(s). Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >2000 mg/kg	OSHA HCS 2012: Exposure limits		

All percentages provided are approximate.

Key to abbreviations NDA = No Data Available

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.
 - Skin Material is a gas. Skin (dermal) absorption is not a likely route of exposure.
 - Eye Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
- Ingestion Material is a gas. Ingestion is not a likely route of exposure.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

• Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician • All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

Section 5: Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing media

- **Suitable** SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical or CO2.
- Extinguishing • LARGE FIRES: Water spray or fog. Media
- Unsuitable No data available. Extinguishing Media

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Explosion Hazards

- Unusual Fire and EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE
- - Will form explosive mixtures with air.
 - Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
 - Containers exposed to fire may vent and release flammable gas through pressure relief devices.
 - Containers may explode when heated. Ruptured cylinders may rocket.

Hazardous • No data available. Combustion Products

Advice for firefighters	
-	 Gas fires should not be extinguished unless the flow of gas can be stopped. Only authorized personnel should turn off valves or attempt repairs.
	 Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
	 Natural gas is lighter than air and will vent upward but special consideration should be given to areas that may trap or contain gas and areas of possible gas migration underground of through structures.
	 Water mist may be used to cool surrounding structures including compressed gas cylinders or tanks.
Section 6 - Accidental R	elease Measures
Personal precautions, pr	otective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal Precautions	 Ventilate the area before entry. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.
Emergency Procedures	 ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate area for at least for at least 100 meters (330 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Keep out of low areas. Stay upwind. LARGE RELEASE: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 800 meters (1/2 mile).
Environmental precautio	ns
Methods and material for	 Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas. r containment and clean up
Containment/Cleanup Measures	

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and ignition sources – No Smoking. Take precautionary
measures against static charges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use only nonsparking tools. Be aware of any signs of dizziness or fatigue, especially if work is done in a poorly ventilated area;
exposures to fatal concentrations of this gas mixture could occur without any significant warning symptoms, due to
olfactory fatigue or oxygen deficiency. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over.
Use explosion proof electrical, ventilating and/or lighting equipment. Empty containers retain product residue and
can be hazardous. Do not cut, weld, puncture or incinerate container. Wear appropriate personal protective
equipment. Avoid direct contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Wash thoroughly with soap and
water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

• Containers should be stored in dry, well-ventilated areas away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. Protect cylinders against physical damage. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control Parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines						
Result ACGIH NIOSH OSHA						
Pentane (109-66-0)	TWAs	1000 ppm TWA listed under Pentane, all isomers)	120 ppm TWA; 350 mg/m3 TWA	1000 ppm TWA; 2950 mg/m3 TWA		
	Ceilings	Not established	610 ppm Ceiling (15 min); 1800 mg/m3 Ceiling (15 min)	Not established		
Hexane (110-54-3)	TWAs	50 ppm TWA	50 ppm TWA; 180 mg/m3 TWA	500 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA		
Butane (106-97-8)	STELs	1000 ppm STEL	Not established	Not established		
	TWAs	Not established	800 ppm TWA; 1900 mg/m3 TWA	Not established		
Propane (74-98-6)	TWAs	1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases; Alkane C 1-4)	1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA	1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA		
Carbon dioxide (124- 38-9)	TWAs	5000 ppm TWA	5000 ppm TWA; 9000 mg/m3 TWA	5000 ppm TWA; 9000 mg/m3 TWA		
00 0/	STELs	30000 ppm STEL	30000 ppm STEL; 54000 mg/m3 STEL	Not established		
Ethane (74-84-0) TWAs 1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases: Alkane C1-4)		Not established	Not established			
Methane (74-82-8)	TWAs	1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases: Alkane C1-4)	Not established	Not established		

Key to abbreviations

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration STEL= Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Exposure controls Engineering measures/controls

 Adequate general ventilation should be provided when handling. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion proof electrical, ventilating and/or electrical equipment.

Personal protective equipment

- **Respiratory** In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
 - **Eye/Face** Wear safety glasses.
 - **Skin/body** Material is a gas. Skin (dermal) absorption is not a likely route of exposure.

Environmental Exposure Controls

• Follow best practices for site management and disposal of waste. Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment.

Other information

 Odorant may be comprised of some or all of the following components and/or blends thereof: Tetrahydrothiophene, tertiary-Butyl Mercaptan and other Mercaptans. Ensure personnel involved in gas purging operations are fully trained and knowledgeable about safe gas venting practices, the proper use of gas detectors and the danger of relying on the sense of smell alone to detect gas releases.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Physical	and Chemical Pr	operties	
Material Description	_	-	
Physical Form	Gas	Appearance/Description	Colorless, odorless gas without odorants. When odorant is added – characteristic gas odor.
Color	Colorless	Odor	Odor provided by additive (Mercaptan)
Odor Threshold	Not relevant		
General Properties			
Boiling Point	-259 F(-161.6667 C)	Melting Point/Freezing Point	-297 F(-182.7778 C)
Decomposition Temperature	Not relevant	рН	No data available
Specific Gravity/Relative0.58 to 0.62DensityWater=1		Water Solubility	Not relevant
Viscosity	Not relevant		
Volatility			
Vapor Pressure	Not relevant	Vapor Density	0.5 to 0.62 Air=1
Evaporation Rate	Not relevant		
Flammability			
Flash Point	-306 F(-187.7778 C) OC (Open Cup)	UEL	15 %
LEL	4 %	Autoignition Temperature	1110 F(598.8889 C)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not relevant		
Environmental	-1	1	1
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	Not relevant		

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

• No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability

• Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

• Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

• Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Incompatible materials

• Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous decomposition products

• Thermal oxidative degradation can produce carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological effects

Components				
Methane (94% TO 98%)	74-82-8	Acute Toxicity: Inhalation-Mouse LC50 • 326 g/m ³ 2 Hour(s)		
Carbon dioxide (0.5% TO 0.8%)	124-38-9	Acute Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 470000 ppm 30 Minute(s); Inhalation-Human TCLo • 0.25 pph; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Dyspnea; Vascular:Other changes; Reproductive: Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 2 pph 8 Hour(s)(10D preg); Reproductive Effects:Effects on Fertility:Post-implantation mortality; Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Musculoskeletal system		
Propane (0.1% TO 0.2%)	74-98-6	Acute Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat LC50 • >800000 ppm 15 Minute(s); Behavioral: General anesthetic; Behavioral:		
Butane (0.08% TO 0.2%)	106-97-8	Acute Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 658 g/m ³ 4 Hour(s)		

Key to abbreviations LC – Lethal concentration

TC – Toxic concentration

GHS Properties	Classification
Respiratory sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012•No data available
Serious eye damage/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012•No data available
Acute toxicity	OSHA HCS 2012•No data available
Aspiration hazard	OSHA HCS 2012•No data available
Carcinogenicity	OSHA HCS 2012•No data available
Skin corrosion/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012•No data available
Skin sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012•No data available
STOT-RE	OSHA HCS 2012•No data available
STOT-SE	OSHA HCS 2012•No data available
Toxicity for Reproduction	OSHA HCS 2012•No data available
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	OSHA HCS 2012•No data available

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

Acute (Immediate)	• This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces. If this material is released in a small, poorly ventilated area (i.e., an enclosed or confined space), an oxygen-deficient environment may occur. Individuals breathing such an atmosphere may experience symptoms which include headaches, ringing in ears, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, nausea, vomiting, and depression of all the senses. Under some circumstances of over-exposure, death may occur. The following effects associated with decreased levels of oxygen: increase in breathing and pulse rate, emotional upset, abnormal fatigue, nausea, vomiting, collapse, loss of consciousness, convulsive movements, respiratory collapse and death.
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available.
Skin	
Acute (Immediate)	Under normal handling conditions, no acute skin effects are expected.
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available.
Eye	
Acute (Immediate)	May cause irritation.
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available.
Ingestion	
Acute (Immediate)	 Material is a gas; ingestion is not a likely route of exposure.
Chronic (Delayed)	No data available.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Toxicity

Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not compiled for this reason.

Persistence and degradability

• Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not compiled for this reason.

Other adverse effects

• Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not compiled for this reason.

Bioaccumulative potential

• Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not compiled for this reason.

Mobility in Soil

• Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not compiled for this reason.

Other adverse effects

• Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not compiled for this reason.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste treatment methods

- Product waste
- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.
- Packaging waste
 - Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	UN number	UN proper shipping name	Transport hazard class(es)	Packing group	Environmental hazards
DOT	UN1971	Methane, compressed	2.1	None	NDA

Key to abbreviations

NDA = No Data Available

Special precautions for user

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

- None specified.
- Not relevant.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications

• Acute, Fire, Pressure(Sudden Release of)

	Inventory				
Component	CAS	TSCA			
Butane	106-97-8	Yes			
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Yes			
Ethane	74-84-0	Yes			
Hexane	110-54-3	Yes			
Methane	74-82-8	Yes			
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Yes			
Pentane	109-66-0	Yes			
Propane	74-98-6	Yes			

United States

Labor

U.S. – OSHA-Process Safety Management-Highly Hazardous Chemicals

Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed					
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed					
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed					
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed					
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed					
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed					
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed					
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed					
U.S OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals							
Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed					
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed					
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed					
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed					
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed					
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed					
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed					
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed					

Environment

U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants Pentane 109-66-0 Not Listed Ethane 74-84-0 Not Listed Carbon dioxide 124-38-9 Not Listed Propane 74-98-6 Not Listed Butane 106-97-8 Not Listed 110-54-3 Not Listed Hexane 7727-37-9 Not Listed Nitrogen Methane 74-82-8 Not Listed U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities

Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Radionuclides and Their Reportable Quantities

Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs

Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs

Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed	
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed	
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed	
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed	
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed	
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed	
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed	
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed	
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting			
Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed	
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed	
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed	
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed	
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed	
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed	
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed	
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed	
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing			
Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed	
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed	
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed	
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed	
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed	
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed	
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed	
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed	

United States - California

Environment

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Preparation Date: October 30, 2015 Revision Date: October 30, 2015

U.S. – California – Proposition 65 – Developmental Toxicity		
Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S. – California – Proposition 65	– Maximum Allowable Dose Leve	ls (MADL)
Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S. – California – Proposition 65	- Reproductive Toxicity Female	
Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed
U.S. – California – Proposition 65 – Reproductive Toxicity Male		
Pentane	109-66-0	Not Listed
Ethane	74-84-0	Not Listed
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
Propane	74-98-6	Not Listed
Butane	106-97-8	Not Listed
Hexane	110-54-3	Not Listed
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Section 16 - Other Information

Revision Date	• October 30, 2015
Last Revision Date	• October 30, 2015
Preparation Date	• October 30, 2015

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

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